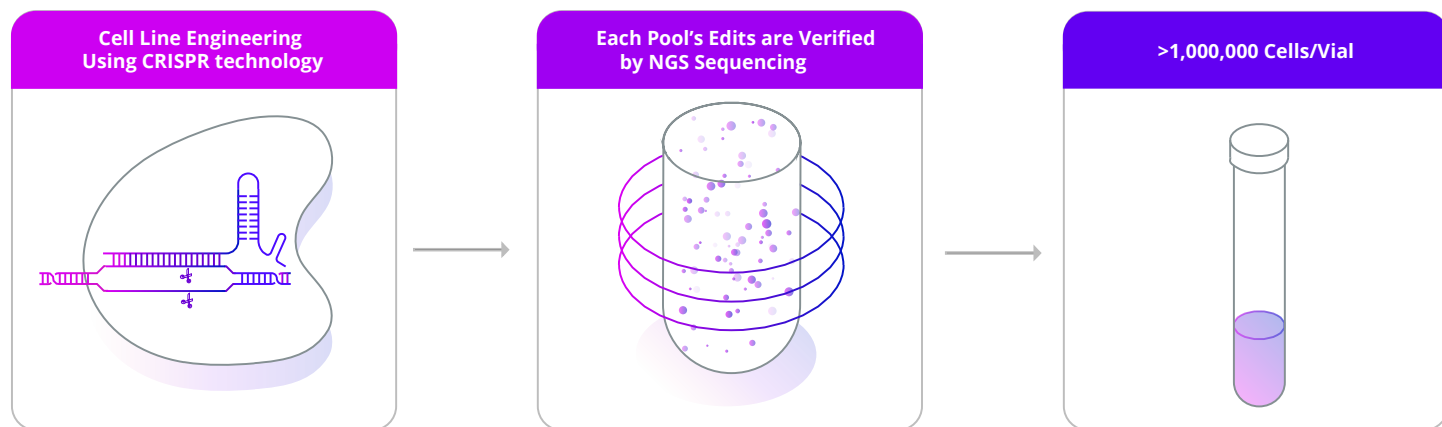


# T Cell Knockout Pools

Advance your immunology research with edited-to-order primary T cells

High editing efficiency with reliable post-editing functionality. Order Primary Cells supplied by EditCo or work with our team to edit your primary cell type of interest.



## Skip to the main experiments with edited T cells

- **Confident Knockouts:** minimum 80% editing efficiency guaranteed unique XDel guide design.
- **Faster Results:** A 7-day editing protocol delivers results in 2 weeks or faster.
- **Flexibility:** Choose from EditCo-supplied cells or onboard your T cells.
- **Functionality:** High cell viability and editing levels without affecting functionality for non-essential genes.

## Key Product Deliverables

- 2 vials of edited cell pools with >1,000,000 cells/vial
- Control-transfected cell pools (2 vials)
- Sequence of synthetic gRNA used
- Primer sequences used for NGS sequencing
- NGS sequencing analysis report for each edited pool after expansion
- Comprehensive QC report that includes the following information: mycoplasma test (positive/negative) and passage number
- Regular updates on your order's progress

### Using other primary cell lines?

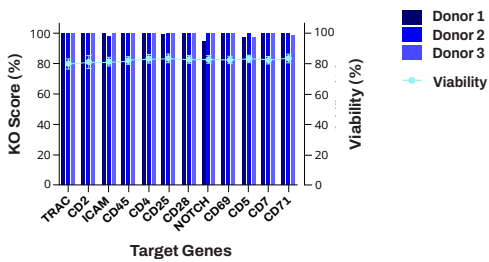
Check out our new edited fibroblasts or reach out to us about custom projects

Scan to learn more

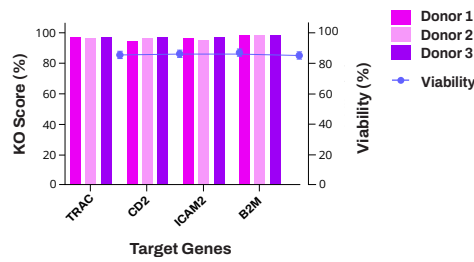


# Secure guaranteed KOs with EditCo's proprietary editing capabilities

## CD4+ T Cell Editing Efficiency and Viability



## CD8+ T Cell Editing Efficiency and Viability

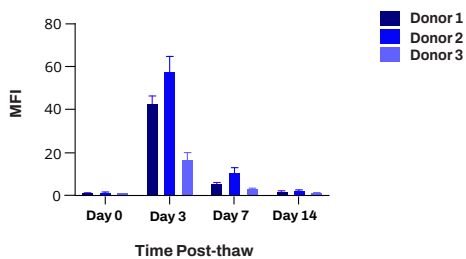


**Editing efficiency and viability.** EditCo's gene editing process achieves close to 100% gene editing efficiency while maintaining cell viability above 80% in both CD4+ and CD8+ T cells across all targeted knockout genes.

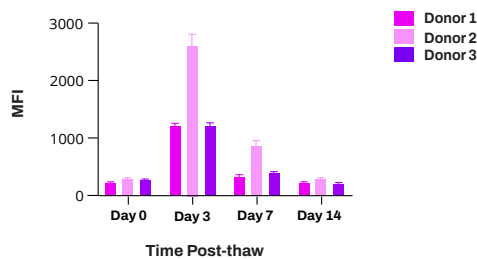
- Guaranteed high editing efficiency (>80%) using EditCo's unique XDel multiple guide design to create large fragment deletions within a target gene
- Donor agnostic editing performance
- High cell viability at time of freeze (>70%)

## Trust that your T cells remain fit post editing

### CD4+ T Cell Exhaustion



### CD8+ T Cell Exhaustion

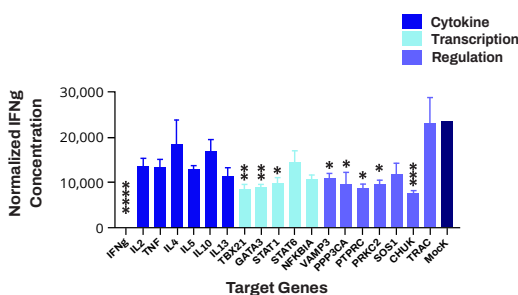


**Transient expression of exhaustion marker PD-1.** The intensity of PD-1 expression in edited T cells was measured after thawing and culturing with IL-2 and a T cell receptor cross-linking activator for up to 14 days. The charts display the average Median Fluorescence Intensity (MFI) and standard deviation at each time point. PD-1 expression peaks on day 3 and returns to baseline levels by day 14.

- Genomic stability is maintained more than 14 days post-thaw ensuring stable knockouts
- Transient expression of exhaustion marker PD-1 following TCR re-stimulation three days after thaw
- High growth (30x-60x) and (viability >90%) post-thaw

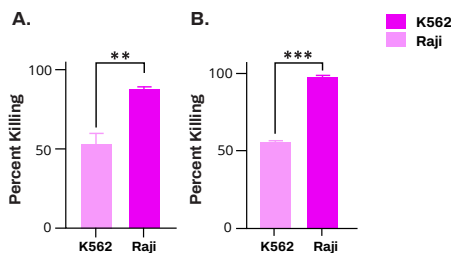
## Access assay-ready, functional, edited T cells

### Edited CD4+ T cells Secrete Cytokines



**Cytokine secretion in edited cell pools following cell expansion.** Edited CD4+ T cells from 3 donors were thawed and then stimulated with PMA/ionomycin. Supernatants were harvested and measured for concentrations of IFNγ by FACS-ELISA (Miltenyi). Values were quantile normalized to reduce batch effects. Following ANOVA, Tukey's multiple comparison test was performed. (\*)  $p < 0.05$ ; (\*\*)  $p < 0.01$ ; (\*\*\*)  $p < 0.005$ ; (\*\*\*\*)  $p < 0.0001$ .

### Edited CD8+ T cells Mediate Target Cell Killing



**Antigen specific cytotoxic activity.** Both non-activated (A) and activated (B) edited CD8+ T cells were cultured with either irrelevant targets (K562 CD19-) or relevant targets (Raji CD19+) in the presence of BiTE (CD3/CD19 specific) antibodies. Killing was determined by subtracting cell numbers at T16 hours from those found at T0 hours for each target. Student T-test at 16 hours (\*\*)  $p < 0.01$  and  $p < 0.001$  (\*\*\*).

- Edited CD4+ T cells
  - Intracellularly express and secrete both pro-inflammatory and anti-inflammatory cytokines
- Edited CD8+ T cells
  - Display antigen-specific cytotoxic activity
  - Mediate target cell killing
  - Can be successfully transduced with CAR lentiviruses